MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

The stainless steel BPV elite over flow valve is intended for the discharge of fluids overflow when an upstream limitation of pressure is looked for, for example downstream to a pump. Stainless steel construction FPM tightness. The setting of the upstream pressure is made by means of the screw. The pressure gauge allows the direct reading of the upstream pressure. The flow is one-way indicated by an arrow on the body. The BPV valve only suits with compatible fluids free of particles. It must be necessarily protected by a strainer installed upstream.

AVAILABLE MODELS

Stainless steel BPV: G 1/2" to G 2"

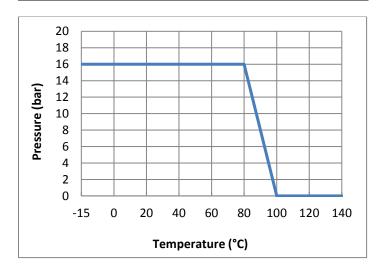
Stainless steel BPV flange: PN 16 DN 15 to DN 100

BSP screwed end connections.

<u>Upstream pressure range</u>: 1-5 bar, 4-10 bar.

LIMITS OF USE

Max allowed fluid pressure : PS	16 bar
ΔP mini :	1 bar
ΔP maxi :	13 bar
Max allowed fluid temperature : TS	-15°C / +100°C











Flange type

Modifications reserved



REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS OF CONSTRUCTION

Item	Standard	ON	Item	Standard
	DN 15 to 25 : A4 § 3 excluded		Conception	ANSI B16.34
Pressure equipment Directive 2014/68	DN 32 to 100 : catégorie II	0035	Final test	API 598
BSP thread	ISO 228		Flanges	EN 1092-1

CONSTRUCTION

N°	Item	Material	Thread type
1	Gauge Ø 63	All stainless steel - 1/4"	
2	Upper cover	Stainless steel 1.4408	(())
3	U-ring	FPM	
4	Shaft	Stainless steel 1.4408	
5	Sealing spacer	FPM	4
6	Seat	Stainless steel 1.4408	5
7	Body	Stainless steel 1.4408	6
8	Diaphragm	FPM	
9	U-H-ring	FPM	
10	Spring	Spring steel	10
11	Spring box	Stainless steel 1.4408	11
12	Spring washer	Brass	12
13	Adjusting screw	Stainless steel 1.4301	13

N°	Item	Material	Flange type
1	Gauge Ø 63	All stainless steel - 1/4"	
2	Upper cover	Stainless steel 1.4408	
3	Sealing cover	FPM	1
4	Body	Stainless steel 1.4408	
5	U-H-ring	FPM	3
6	Upper seat	Stainless steel 1.4408	5
7	Sealing spacer	FPM	6
8	Lower seat	Stainless steel 1.4408	
9	Diaphragm	FPM	9
10	U-H-ring	FPM	-10
11	Washer	FPM	12
12	Screw	Stainless steel 1.4301	13
13	Spring	Spring steel	15
14	Spring box	Stainless steel 1.4301	16
15	Spring washer	Brass	Ψ16
16	Adjusting screw	Stainless steel 1.4301	

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DIMENSIONS (mm)

DN	L	Н1	H2*	D1	D2	Gauge connection	Weight (kg)	Thread type
15	70	120	80	30	60		1,0	D1
20	85	125	105	35	60		1,2	=
25	90	130	105	42	60	1/4" G	1,4	
40	115	140	130	60	73		2,6	
50	120	140	130	65	85		2,8	D2

^{*} Completely unscrewed reticule adjusting screw

DN	L	H1	H2*	D1	D2	Gauge connection	Weight (kg)	Flange type
15	155	120	80	30	60		2,6	
20	155	125	105	35	60		3	
25	155	130	105	42	60		3,7	I O O O
40	190	140	130	60	73	1/4" 6	6,5	
50	195	140	130	65	85	1/4'' G	7,8	Z Z
65	210	145	195	95	145		14,5	D2
80	225	145	195	95	145		15,4	- L -
100	250	160	235	115	160		20,7	

^{*} vis de réglage complètement dévissée

DN	D	К	L	Qty	ø	Flanges EN 1092-1 PN16 Dimensions
15	95	65	14	4	M12	
20	105	75	14	4	M12	
25	115	85	14	4	M12	
40	150	110	19	4	M16	
50	165	125	19	4	M16	
65	185	145	19	4	M16	
80	200	160	19	8	M16	
100	220	180	19	8	M16	



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SIZING

Selection of the size: You should not necessarily choose an overflow valve which a size equal to pipe's size. To set the BVP size, you must calculate it by using abacuses and formulae of calculation presented below.

Flow coefficients Kv (m³/h) of BPV:

DN	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	100
Kv	1,4	5,3	6,6	12,5	15	45	48	71

Formula of calculation for a liquid:

$$Kv = Q x \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\Delta P}}$$

Kv: flow coefficient in m^3/h .

Q: flow in m^3/h

 ΔP : Difference of pressure upstream-downstream in bar

ρ : Volumic weight kg/dm³

Formula of calculation for a gas:

Si P2 > P1/2 $Kv = \frac{Q}{445}x\sqrt{\frac{dxT}{\Delta PxP2}}$

Kv Flow coefficient

 m^3/h

Flowrate in

 m^3/h

d Volumic weight T

°K (°C

 Kg / m^3

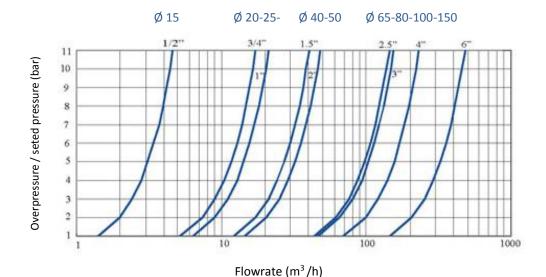
Absolute temperature +273)

Si P2 < P1/2 $Kv = \frac{Q}{240 x P1} x \sqrt{d x T}$

Р1 Upstream pressure bar

P2 Downstream pressure bar

FLOWRATE DIAGRAM FOR WATER

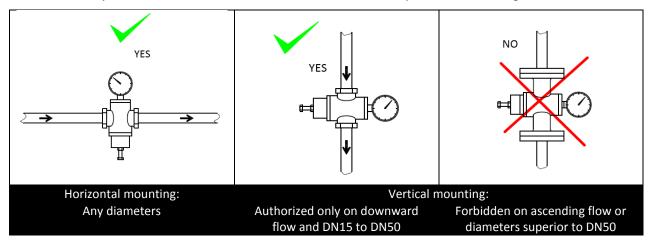




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INSTALLATION

<u>Position of mounting</u>: The usual position of mounting of the BPV is vertical on horizontal piping, manometer upward. Mounting on vertical piping: Although not recommended this mounting is possible for diameters DN 15 for DN 50, only on downward flow. For the BPV DN 65 to DN 100, this position of mounting is forbidden.

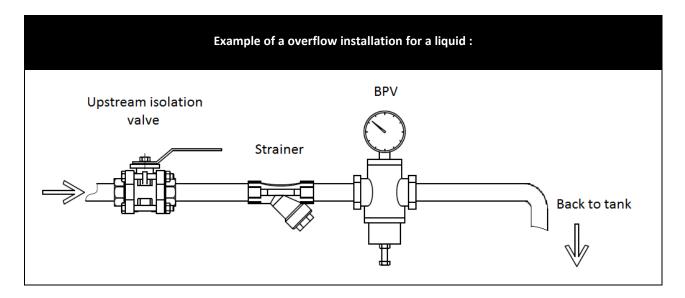


<u>Convergent and divergent</u>: If the diameter of the BPV is lower than the diameter of the piping (see § sizing), install upstream a convergent.

For a use on a gas, It is necessary to plan at the exit of the BPV a bigger sized pipe to that of the entrance and to link it by a divergent, The relaxed gas needing a bigger pipe's section.

<u>Upstream pipe isolation</u>: Plan a stop valve upstream to the overflow BPV. The BPV is necessarily tight when flow is equal to zero.

<u>Upstream filtration</u>: To protect the mechanism against impurities, plan a protection's strainer upstream to the BPV with a 5/10° screen.



OPTIONS

Thread NPT according to ANSI B1.20 ANSI 150 flanges according to ANSI B16.5

Modifications reserved



INSTRUCTIONS OF MOUNTING AND MAINTENANCE

1 - Mounting

Verify that the range of pressure indicated on the body is adequate with regard to the use. Before any installation, isolate the upstream pipe, depressurize the pipe and bring the installation at room temperature. Install a valve of isolation in the upstream. Install also a upstream strainer. Clean carefully the pipe of any particle by rinsing with water or a blowing with air. Install the overflow BPV by respecting the sense of the arrow indicated on the body and with the pressure gauge upward. Make the tightness of the grip of the pressure gauge. Open slowly the upstream valve. Use the adjusting screw item (13) or (16) and read the indication of the pressure on the manometer to adjust the upstream pressure looked for.

2 - Maintenance

Before any intervention, isolate the upstream piping by using the valve intended for that purpose. Depressurize the pipe and bring the installation at room temperature. Unscrew completely the adjusting screw item (13) or (16). Remove screen the cork of the upstream strainer and clean or replace it. For a complete visit of the device, unscrew the parts (2) and (12). Verify the state of sealing parts (3), (5), (8) and (9) or (3), (5), (7), (9) and (10). Replace them if needed. Verify also the state of the spring item (10) or (13). Replace it if it is broken or strongly corroded. Clean all the internal parts. Reassemble all the internal parts, in the inverse order of the dismantling. Put back the device in service by opening slowly the upstream valve. Adjust the upstream pressure by means of the screw item (13) or (16).

SPARE PARTS

DN	Kit of sealing FPM	Spring 1-5 bar	Spring 4-10 bar
Thread type item	3, 5, 8, 9		10
Flange type item	3, 5, 7, 9, 10		13
15	981792	981760	981761
20	981793	981763	981764
25	981794	981766	981767
40	981795	981769	981770
50	981796	981772	981773
65	981797	981810	981811
80	981798	981813	981814
100	981799	981816	981817

Spare pressure gauge item 1				
1-6 bar	4-10 bar			
F1616005	F1616006			

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