







Size: DN 1/4" to 2"

Ends: Threaded Female BSP

Min Temperature : -10°C Min Temperature : + 120°C Max Pressure : 16 Bars

Specifications: PTFE packing + 2 NBR o-ring

2 Positions

Tightness on 3 ways

Materials: Brass



SPECIFICATIONS:

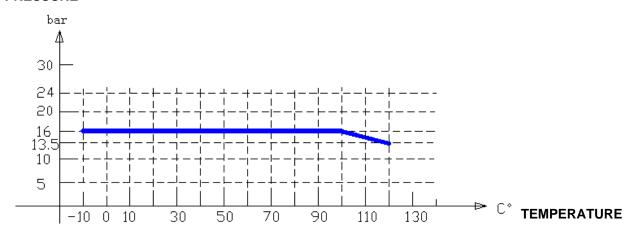
- Reduced bore
- 2 Positions
- PTFE packing + 2 NBR o-ring
- No anti blow out stem
- Tightness on 3 ways
- L or T port

USE :

- For all common fluids
- Min and max Temperature Ts: -10°C to + 120°C
- Max Pressure Ps : 16 bars (see graph)
- Differential pressure : 5 bars maxi

PRESSURE / TEMPERATURE GRAPH (STEAM EXCLUDED) :

PRESSURE



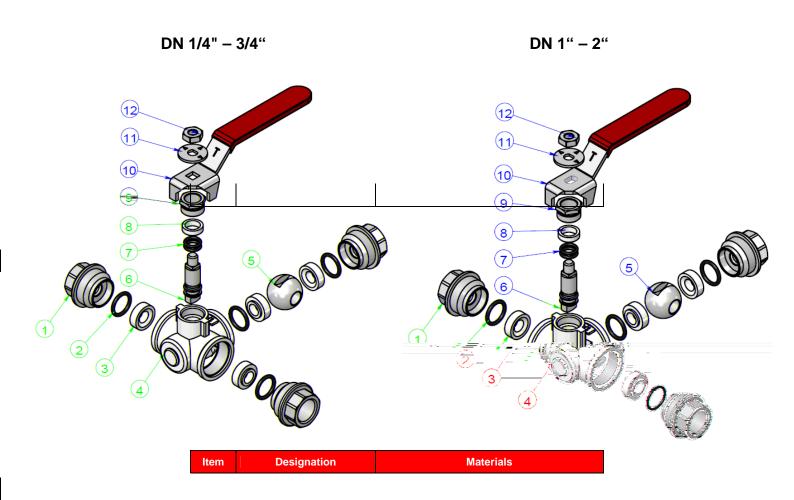
RANGE:

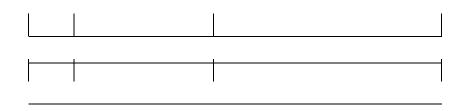
- Threaded female BSP cylindrical, L port Ref. 513 from DN 1/4" to 2"
- Threaded female BSP cylindrical, T port Ref. 514 from DN 1/4" to 2"

ENDS:

• Threaded BSP female cylindrical ends

MATERIALS:







POSSIBLE POSITIONS DN 1/4" - 3/4":

<u>L port</u> (only 2 consecutive positions are possible)

Position L1	Position L2	Position L3	Position L4	Position L5	
3 1 2	3 Price 1	3 1 2	3 3 2 2	3 2 2	
3 1	3 2		3 2	3 2	

<u>T port</u> (only 2 consecutive positions are possible)

Position T1	Position T2	Position T3	Position T4	Position T5	
33 1 2 1 (3	3 3 4 4	3 2 2	33 1 2 2 2	
2	3 2		3 1	2	



POSSIBLE POSITIONS DN 1" - 2":

L port

Position L1	Position L2
3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 1 1
3 1	3

OR

Position L3	Position L4
3 1 2	3 3 2 2
3 2	3 2

T port

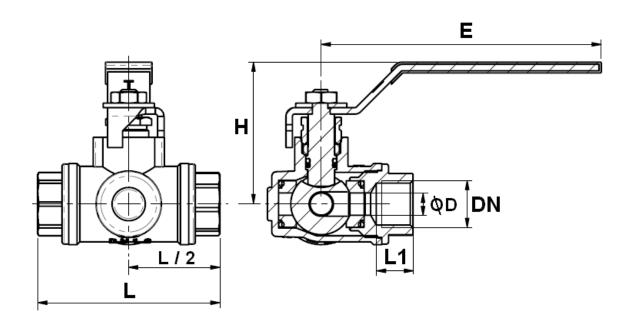
Position T1	Position T2
	3
2	3

OR

Position T3	Position T4
3 3 4 4	3 1 2
3 2	3 1



SIZE (in mm):



Ref.	DN	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1"1/4	1"1/2	2"
513 / 514	ØD	10	10	10	15	20	25	32	40
	L	81	81	82	90.5	105	116	140	164
	L1	15	15	16.5	19	21	23	28	30
	E	125.8	125.8	125.8	125.8	130	161	220	220
	Н	63.7	63.7	63.7	66.7	66.5	78.5	92	98
513	Weight (Kg)	0.688	0.657	0.661	0.873	1.443	1.954	3.666	5.314
514	Weight (Kg)	0.684	0.653	0.661	0.865	1.423	1.904	3.557	5.501





STANDARDS:

- Fabrication according to ISO 9001 : 2008
- DIRECTIVE 2014/68/EU: Products excluded from (Article 1, § 2.b)
- Threaded female BSP cylindrical ends according to ISO 228-1

ADVICE : Our opinion and our advice are not guaranteed and lauridsen industri shall not be liable for the consequences of damages. The customer must check the right choice of the products with the real service conditions.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL GUIDELINES:

- Ensure that the valves to be used are appropriate for the conditions of the installation (type of fluid,pressure and temperature).
- Be sure to have enough valves to be able to isolate the sections of piping as well as the appropriate equipment for maintenance and repair.
- Ensure that the valves to be installed are of correct strength to be able to support the capacity of their usage.
- Tighten the gland packing regularly to keep the stem in the right position
- Installation of all circuits should ensure that their function can be automatically tested on a regular basis (at least two times a year).

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS:

- Before installing the valves, clean and remove any objects from the pipes (in particular bits of sealing and metal) which could obstruct and block the valves.
- Ensure that both connecting pipes either side of the valve (upstream and downstream) are aligned (if they're not,the valves may not work correctly).
- Make sure that the two sections of the pipe (upstream and downstream) match, the valve unit will
 not absorb any gaps. Any distortions in the pipes may affect the thightness of the connection, the
 working of the valve and can even cause a rupture. To be sure, place the kit in position to ensure the
 assembling will work.
- Before starting the fitting, ensure that the threads and tapping are clean.
- If sections of piping do not have their final support in place, they should be temporarily fixed. This is to avoid unnecessary strain on the valve.
- The theoretical lenghts given by ISO/R7 for the tapping are typically longer than required, the lenght of the thread should be limited, and check that the end of the tube does not press right up to the head of the thread.
- Position the pipe clips on both sides of the valve.
- If mounting on an air conditioning with PER tubing and hoses, it is necessary to support the tubes and hoses with the fixing to avoid strain on the valve.
- When screwing the valve, ensure that you only rotate on screwed side by the 6 ended side. Use an open ended spanner or an adjustable spanner and not a monkey wrench.
- Never use a vice to tighten the fixings of the valve.
- Do not over tighten the valve. Do not block with any extensions as it may cause a rupture or weakening of the casing.
- In general, for all valves used in buildings and heating, do not tighten above a torque of 30 Nm.

The advice and assembly instructions above do not conform to any guarantee. The information is given in general.It states what must not and must be done. It is provided to ensure the safety of the personnel and the reliability of the valves. The instructions in bold must be followed.